April 7, 2020

Objectives for complications of cirrhosis with Dr. Fallon (two lectures):

1. Describe the initial laboratory evaluation for ascites to determine its cause.
2. Describe the indication and recommended dosage for albumin after large volume paracentesis.
3. Know the laboratory definition for SBP and the recommended treatments (IV and po).
4. Know the indications for SBP prophylaxis in the hospital setting and lifelong.
5. Describe five precipitants for new or worsening hepatic encephalopathy.
6. Describe the appropriate endoscopic screening for esophageal varices and management based on size.
7. Describe the appropriate treatment for acute variceal bleeding including bleeding that is refractory to standard endoscopic treatment.
8. Define hepatorenal syndrome (including type 1 and type 2) and its pathophysiology.
9. Describe the current treatment strategy for type 1 hepatorenal syndrome.
10. Briefly define hepatopulmonary syndrome, hepatic hydrothorax, and portopulmonary hypertension

Objectives for Hep C with Dr. Little:

1. Who should be screened for hep C?
2. What percentage of infected individuals will progress from acute HCV to chronic, and how many will develop cirrhosis and/or HCC?
3. How are HCV serologies interpreted?
4. Who should be treated?
5. What is a “sustained virological response?”